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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/663,714	09/17/2003	Daijiro Inoue	57810-076	2234
7590 12/28/2005		EXAMINER		
McDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY			SEFER, AHMED N	
600 13th Street	, N.W. OC 20005-3096		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
washington, L	20003 3070		2826	

DATE MAILED: 12/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/663,714	INOUE ET AL.	\sim
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	A. Sefer	2826	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence add	iress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUI 36(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) M a, cause the application to become	NICATION. If a reply be timely filed IONTHS from the mailing date of this color ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	s action is non-final. nce except for formal m		merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	ex parte Quayle, 1955 C	7.D. 11, 455 O.G. 215.	,
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-4,6-10,12 and 14-25</u> is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>8,10 and 17-22</u> is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-4,6,7,9,12,14-16 and 23-25</u> is/are r 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	e withdrawn from consic rejected.	leration.	
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	cepted or b) objected drawing(s) be held in abe tion is required if the drawi	yance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ing(s) is objected to. See 37 CF	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in ority documents have be ou (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	n Application No een received in this National	Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper	ew Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO)-152)

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11/4/2005 has been entered and new claims 24 and 25 have been added.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 12 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The recitation of claim 12 calling for "said first undoped optical guide layer is formed only between said active layer and said second nitride-based semiconductor layer in interspaces between said active layer and said first and second conductivity type first and second nitride-based semiconductor layers" is not well understood. It is not clear if the optical guide layer is formed only between said active layer and said second nitride-based semiconductor layer or if it is also formed in other regions of the device, in which the case the word only would not be necessary.

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Claim 25 recites the limitation "the thickness of said first undoped optical layer". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 1-4, 6, 7, 9, 16 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hata et al. ("Hata") US PG-Pub 2002/0190263.

The applied reference has a common assignee/inventor with the instant application.

Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

Hata discloses (fig. 10 and pars. 0181-0186) a nitride-based semiconductor light-emitting device comprising: a first conductivity type first nitride-based semiconductor layer 4 formed on a substrate or first conductivity GaN substrate (as in claim 23); an active layer 15, formed on said first nitride-based semiconductor layer; a first undoped optical guide layer 68 formed on said active layer; a second conductivity type second nitride-based semiconductor layer 67 consisting AlGaN (as in claim 3) formed on said active layer; an undoped contact layer 69 having a

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thickness (par. 0130) within the recited range and a band gap smaller than the band gap of said second nitride-based semiconductor layer (as in claim 2) formed on said second nitride-based semiconductor layer; and an electrode 10 formed on said undoped contact layer.

Regarding claim 4, Hata discloses a first conductivity type first nitride-based semiconductor layer being an n-type first nitride-based semiconductor layer, and said second conductivity type second nitride-based semiconductor layer being a p-type second nitride-based semiconductor layer.

Regarding claims 6 and 7, Hata discloses (par. 0185) said undoped contact layer containing InGaN (as in claim 7) having a band gap larger than the band gap of said active layer.

Regarding claim 9, Hata discloses undoped contact layer being constituted of a single undoped nitride-based semiconductor layer.

Regarding claim 16, Hata discloses (pars. 0081-0082) an active layer consisting of a nitride-based semiconductor containing In, said nitride-based semiconductor light-emitting device further comprising a protective layer 66 of a nitride-based semiconductor layer formed on said active layer.

The recitation calling "for preventing In contained in said active layer from desorption" attempts to distinguish the invention from the prior art in terms of function rather than structure. See In re Schreiber, 128 F.3d 1473, 1477-78, 44 USPQ2d 1429, 1431-32 (Fed. Cir. 1997); See also In re Swinehart, 439 F.2d210, 212-13, 169 USPQ 226, 228-29 (CCPA 1971; In re Danly, 263, F.2d 844, 847, 120 USPQ 528, 531 (CCPA 1959).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1-4, 6, 7, 12, 14-16 and 23-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nagahama et al. ("Nagahama") US PG-Pub 2005/0127394 in view of Tanizawa et al. ("Tanizawa") EP 1063711 (of record)

Nagahama discloses in fig. 2 a nitride-based semiconductor light-emitting device comprising: a first conductivity type first nitride-based semiconductor layer 14 formed on a substrate or first conductivity (par. 0198) GaN substrate (as in claim 23); an active layer 16, formed on said first nitride-based semiconductor layer; a first undoped optical guide layer 18 (par. 0137) formed on said active layer; a second conductivity type second nitride-based semiconductor layer 19 formed on said first undoped optical guide layer; a contact layer 20 formed on said second nitride-based semiconductor layer; and an electrode 21 formed on said contact layer, but lacks anticipation of an undoped contact layer wherein said undoped contact layer having a thickness.

Tanizawa discloses (figs. 1-5, 8 and pars. 0369 and 0370 and 0450-0455) a nitride-based semiconductor light-emitting device comprising: a first conductivity type first nitride-based semiconductor layer 205 formed on a substrate or first conductivity GaN substrate 203 (as in claim 23); an active layer 7, formed on said first nitride-based semiconductor layer; a second conductivity type second nitride-based semiconductor layer 108 consisting AlGaN (par. 0449)

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(as in claim 3); an undoped contact layer 208a (par. 0450) having a band gap smaller than the band gap of said second nitride-based semiconductor layer (as in claim 2) formed on said second nitride-based semiconductor layer; and an electrode 10 formed on said undoped contact layer, wherein said undoped contact layer has a thickness within the range recited in the claim (par. 00202 and 0450).

Therefore, in view of Tanizawa's teachings, one having an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would be motivated to modify Nagahama's device by incorporating an undoped contact layer having the specified thickness since that would prevent generation of fine cracks as taught by Nagahama.

Regarding claim 4, Tanizawa discloses a first conductivity type first nitride-based semiconductor layer being an n-type first nitride-based semiconductor layer, and said second conductivity type second nitride-based semiconductor layer being a p-type second nitride-based semiconductor layer.

Regarding claims 6 and 7, Tanizawa discloses said undoped contact layer containing InGaN (as in claim 7) having a band gap larger than the band gap of said active layer.

Regarding claim 12, as understood, Nagahama discloses (par. 0136) said first undoped optical guide layer nitride-based semiconductor layer 18 being formed only between said active layer 16 and said second nitride-based semiconductor layer 19 in the interspaces between said active layer and said first and second conductivity type first and second nitride-based semiconductor layers.

Regarding claim 14, Nagahama discloses said second conductivity type second nitridebased semiconductor layer including a second conductivity type second nitride-based Application/Control Number: 10/663,714

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semiconductor layer consisting of AlGaN (par. 0139), and said first undoped optical guide layer consisting of GaN.

Regarding claim 15, Nagahama discloses a second conductivity type second nitride-based semiconductor layer including a second conductivity type cladding layer 19 having a projection, said contact layer 20 being formed on the upper surface of said projecting portion of said second conductivity type cladding layer, and said projecting portion of said second conductivity type cladding layer and said contact layer constitute a ridge portion.

Regarding claim 16, Nagahama discloses an active layer consisting of a nitride-based semiconductor containing In (par. 0131), said nitride-based semiconductor light-emitting device further comprising a protective layer 17 (pars. 0134 and 0135) of a nitride-based semiconductor layer formed on said active layer.

The recitation calling "for preventing In contained in said active layer from desorption" attempts to distinguish the invention from the prior art in terms of function rather than structure. See In re Schreiber, 128 F.3d 1473, 1477-78, 44 USPQ2d 1429, 1431-32 (Fed. Cir. 1997); See also In re Swinehart, 439 F.2d210, 212-13, 169 USPQ 226, 228-29 (CCPA 1971; In re Danly, 263, F.2d 844, 847, 120 USPQ 528, 531 (CCPA 1959).

Regarding claim 24, Nagahama discloses (par. 0130) a second undoped optical guide layer 15 formed between the first nitride base layer 14 and said active layer 16.

Regarding claim 25, Nagahama discloses (pars. 0130 and 0134) said second undoped optical guide layer having a thickness within the recited range.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to A. Sefer whose telephone number is (571) 272-1921.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (571) 272-1915.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ANS

December 16, 2005

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